

ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΔΥΤΙΚΗΣ ΑΤΤΙΚΗΣ

ΣΧΟΛΗ ΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΩΝ ΥΓΕΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΡΟΝΟΙΑΣ Τμήμα Φυσικοθεραπείας

PhD THESIS ABSTRACT

CHASIOTIS K. ATHANASIOS

PhD Candidate Department of Physiotherapy UNIWA

ATHENS OCTOBER 2021

PhD THESIS THEME

«The effect of High versus Low Frequency Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation (NMES) on levels of stroke-induced spasticity and functionality in hemiplegic upper limb patients with chronic cerebrovascular disease»

Cerebrovascular Disease is thought to be one of the most dangerous diseases in the modern era. Through its variety of the symptoms the most major is hand's spasticity. Despite the pharmacological treatment, physiotherapy is the key for its effective management, with the Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation (NMES) being dynamically included in rehabilitation plan.

Most of the studies have tried to evaluate the effectiveness of neuromuscular electrostimulation on spasticity levels in upper and lower extremities (Lynne R. Sheffler et al,2007; Yahuan Huang et al, 2020). The application of electrical stimulation for spasticity's management might be performed either with direct stimulation of spastic muscles or with the stimulation of the antagonist in spasticity muscles (Jack W. Tsao et al, 2020). The dominate perspective is that the administration of neuromuscular electrical stimulation protocol on the antagonist to spasticity muscles reduces the spasticity levels to spastic muscles and prevents from pain appearance, without any major long-lasting results (Nilay Sahin et al, 2011; Shwerta Malhorta et al, 2013). As for the application parameters there is a variety of them, with emphasis on the electrical stimulation's frequencies which are used to stimulate the muscle.

All things considered it is necessary to build a Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation protocol focusing on the direct stimulation of spastic muscles in order to show any effectiveness to spasticity as well as to be widely used in everyday clinical practice of stroke's rehabilitation.

In conclusion, the main goal of the study is to broaden the effectiveness of two different Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation protocols (one with high and the other with low frequency) on spasticity and functionality levels of the hemiplegic hand with direct stimulation of the spastic muscles.

Furthermore, we can learn if the direct stimulation of spastic muscles can reduce the spasticity levels and increase the functionality of the hemiplegic hand in patients after stroke in chronic phase. Moreover, we will compare the effectiveness of these two different frequencies of neuromuscular electrostimulation (one low and one high) on hand's spasticity levels. At the end, we will promote a Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation therapeutic protocol for spasticity's reduction and functionality's increase on hemiplegic hand in patients after stroke in chronic phase.

The clinical significance of the study rises on the following points. Firstly, it will be the first study which will examine the effectiveness of Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation with the direct stimulation of the spastic muscles of the hemiplegic hand. Secondly, we will promote a complete therapeutic protocol of electrical stimulation, with parameters which will correspond to muscle groups without causing muscle fatigue. Lastly, through electromyography and evaluation scales, this therapeutic protocol will try to promote the therapeutic effectiveness of neuromuscular electrostimulation on hand's spasticity and functionality. Consequently, this protocol will be used by clinical scientists in daily clinical practice for spasticity management as well as for functional rehabilitation of the hand on patients after stroke in chronic phase with a view to their faster return to the activities of daily living.

ΠΡΟΤΕΙΝΟΜΕΝΗ ΒΙΒΛΙΟΓΡΑΦΙΑ

- 1. Amir H Bakhtiary, Elham Fatemy; "Does electrical stimulation reduce spasticity after stroke? A randomized controlled study"; "Clinical Rehabilitation", Vol 22, 2008, pp 418-425.
- Barbara M. Doucet, Lisa Griffin; "High- Versus Low-Frequency Stimulation Effects on Fine Motor Control in Chronic Hemiplegia: A Pilot Study"; "Topics in Stroke Rehabilitation"; 29 March 2016; 20 (4); pp 299-307.
- 3. Cinara Stein, Carolina Gassen Fritsch, Caroline Robinson et al; "Effects of Electrical stimulation in spastic muscles after stroke. Systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials"; "STROKE: JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN HEART ASSOCIATION"; August 2015; pp 1-9.
- 4. E. Fernadez- Tenorio, D. Serrano-Munoz, J.Avendano- Coy et al, *"Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation for spasticity: A systematic review"*, "Neurologia", 2019, Vol 34, No 7, pp 451-460.
- 5. Eric S. Donkor; "Stroke in the 21st Century: A snapshot of the burden Epidemiology, and Quality of life", "Stroke Research and Treatment", Vol 2018, 10 pages, 2018.
- Gad Alon, Amit Dar, Deganit Katz-Behiri et al; "Efficacy of a Hybrid Upper Limb Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation System in Lessening Selected Impairments and Dysfunctions Consequent to Cerebral Damage"; "Journal of Neurological Rehabilitation", Vol 12, 1998, pp 73-80.
- 7. Jack W. Tsao; "Traumatic Brain Injury: A clinicians guide to diagnosis, management and rehabilitation", Second edition, Springer, 2020.
- 8. Janis J. Daly, E. Byron Marsolais, Lorne M. Mendell et al; *"Therapeutic Neural Effects of Electrical Stimulation"*; "IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON REHABILITATION ENGINEERING"; Vol 4, No 4, December 1996.
- 9. Kotaro Takeda, Genichi Tanino, Hiroyuki Miyasaka; "*Review of devices used in neuromuscular electrical stimulation for stroke rehabilitation*", "Medical Devices: Evidence and Research"; 2017; 10; pp 207-213.
- Larry B. Goldstein, Judith H. Lichtman; "Epidemiology of Cerebrovascular Disease", "Vascular Medicine: A companion to Braunwald's Heart Disease Second Edition"; PART VIII: CEREBROVASCULAR ISCHEMIA, Chapter 29, 2018, pp 349-360.
- 11. Lynne R. Sheffler, John Chae; "Neurological Electrical Stimulation in Neurorehabilitation", "Muscle & Nerve", Vol 35, May 2007, pp 562-590.
- 12. Nilay Sahin, Hatice Ugurlu, Ilknur Albayrak, "The efficacy of electrical stimulation in reducing the post-stroke spasticity: a randomized controlled study"; "Disability & Rehabilitation"; 2012; Vol 34; No 2; pp 151-156.
- 13. Nilgun Mesci, Ferda Ozdemir, Derya Demirbag Kabayel et al; "The effects of neuromuscular electrical stimulation on clinical improvement in hemiplegic lower extremity rehabilitation in chronic stroke: A single-blind, randomized, controlled trial", "Disability and Rehabilitation", Vol 31, No 24, 2009, pp 2047-2054.

- 14. Shu- Shyuan Hsu, Ming-Hsia Hu, Jer-Junn Luh et al, "Dosage of Neuromuscular Electrical Simulation: Is it determinant of Upper Limb Functional Improvement in Stroke Patients?"; "Journal Rehabilitation Medicine", 2012; 44; pp 125-130.
- 15. Shweta Malhotra, Sheeba Rosewilliam, Hermie Hermens et al; "A randomized controlled trial of surface neuromuscular electrical stimulation applied early after acute stroke: effects on wrist pain, spasticity and contractures"; "Clinical Rehabilitation"; Vol 27; No 7; pp 579-590.
- 16. Theodore I. King II, "The effect of Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation in Reducing Tone"; "Brief or New"; January 1996; Vol 50, No 1.
- 17. Trinidad Sentandreu Mano, Jose Ricardo Salom Terradez, Jose Manuel Tomas et al; *"Electrical stimulation in the treatment of the spastic hemiplegic hand after stroke: a randomized study"*; "Med Clin (Barcelona); 2011; No 137; Vol 7; pp 297-301.
- 18. Virginia J Howard; "Stroke Epidemiology"; ELSEVIER; 2018.
- 19. Yanhuan Huang, Chingyi Nam, Waiming Li et al; "A comparison of the rehabilitation effectiveness of neuromuscular electrical stimulation robotic hand training and pure robotic hand training after stroke: A randomized controlled trial"; "Biomedical Signal Processing and Control"; Vol 56, 2020.
- 20. Zhongqiu Hong, Minghong Sui, Zhiqiang Zhuang et al; "Effectiveness of Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation on Lower Limb Hmeiplegic Patients following Chronic Stroke: A systematic Review"; "ARCHIVES OF PHYSICAL MEDICINE AND REHABILITATION", 2018.
- Ιωάννης Λογοθέτης, Ιωάννης Μυλωνάς ; "Νευρολογία Λογοθέτη"; "Κεφάλαιο 3°: Η εξέταση και οι διαταραχές του εκτελεστικού κινητικού μηχανισμού"; Τέταρτη Έκδοση; University Studio Press, 2004, pp 95-144.